SUPPLEMENTAL INSTRUCTION FOR SURVEY OF BIOLOGY by Richard X. Thripp

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| 1.) Spe | erm cells are made in the | tubules, which are part of the | testes. This is | | | |
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| call | ledgenesis. The testes are in the so | crotum a.k.a. gonads. | | | | |
| 2.) Spe | erm cells are stored and matured in the | | | | | |
| 3.) The | The contributes alkali to semen to neutralize the vagina's pH. | | | | | |
| 4.) | 's gland produces lubricating flu | id before ejaculation. | | | | |
| 5.) Sen | minal feed sugar to the sperm | ı ("last-bag lunch"). | | | | |
| 6.) Sen | men exits via the during e | ejaculation (sterilization = vaso | ectomy). | | | |
| 7.) In n | men, the (starts with "u") serv | es both urination and ejaculati | on. | | | |
| 8.) Dur | ring sexual intercourse sperm enters the | (birth canal). | | | | |
| 9.) The | e is the narrow neck at the end | of the vagina / beginning of u | iterus. | | | |
| 10.) | The site where a fertilized egg grows into a ba | by is the(starts | s with "u"). | | | |
| 11.) Fertilization of the woman's ovum (egg) takes place in the tube a | | | | | | |
| | (sterilization = tubal ligation). | | | | | |
| 12.) | The ovaries release an egg during | This is calledge | enesis. | | | |
| 13.) | A grows in the ovary, which ru | ptures to release an egg during | g [Ans. 12]. | | | |
| 14.) | The [Ans. 13] then becomes the | (body yellow), which so | ecretes | | | |
| | and (P& | &E) to stop more eggs from be | ing released. | | | |
| 15.) | The ovarian cycle begins with an increase in _ | stimulating ho | rmone (FSH) | | | |
| and | hormone (LH). | | | | | |
| 16.) | If the egg is unfertilized, | begins with the loss of the | 9 | | | |
| | of the uterus, and the re | est of the cycle rebuilds it. | | | | |
| 17.) | A sperm cell has 3 parts: | | | | | |

| 1.) a head with chromosomes and an | | | , a modified | l lysosome with digestive | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|------------------------------------|--|
| en | nzymes to eat throug | h the jellylike layer around | the ovum. | | |
| 2.) The middle piece with _ | | with | to make ATP for energy. | | |
| 3. |) The tail with a | for mover | nent. | | |
| 18.) | The | pill uses syne | ethetic P&E to prev | vent ovulation. | |
| 19.) | A | is the cutting and | is the cutting and tying of the vas deferens, sterilizing the man. | | |
| 20.) | A tubal | is the cutting a | is the cutting and tying of the oviducts, sterilizing the woman | | |
| 21.) | The | method is avoiding sexual intercourse during ovulation. | | | |
| 22.) | The | method (coitus interruptus) is when the man pulls out before | | | |
| ej | aculating. Warning: | this is hard to do and pre-e | jaculate from Cow | per's gland contains sperm. | |
| 23.) | A | (male) is a plastic she | eath that covers the | erect penis to catch semen, | |
| pr | reventing it from ent | ering the vagina. | | | |
| 24.) | A | is a dome-shaped b | owl made of thin, | flexible rubber that sits over | |
| th | e cervix, blocking s | emen. It is normally coated | with | to kill sperm. | |
| 25.) | | is not completed until | fertilization (23 + 2 | 23 = 46 chroms. in humans). | |
| 26.) | What three STDs are bacterial and thus curable by antibiotics? | | | | |
| in | fections, | ("g"), and | (| chancres, fatal if untreated). | |
| 27.) | What three diseas | ses are viral and thus incur | able? Gential | , genital | |
| _ | (papillor | naviruses), and infec | ction (human immu | unodeficiency \rightarrow AIDS). | |
| 28.) | Trichomoniasis (| 'trich," vaginitis) is a | infe | ection. | |
| 29.) | A i | nfection (candidiasis) is a f | Sungal infection con | mmon in women, frequently | |
| ac | equired without sex. | Treatment is | chemicals. | | |
| 30.) | 1 | reproduction is good for stable environments. It involves budding or | | | |
| fr | agmentation and reg | generation (starfish, cacti, sp | ponges). | | |
| 31.) | A | A has both male and female sexual organs. | | | |